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The Graham Guardian

TWENTY-FIFTH YEAR | SAFFORD, GRAHAM COUNTY, ARIZONA, JANUARY 30, 1920 | NUMBER 51

KIMBALL'S ADDRESS ON RECLAMATION

Delivered During the Farmers' and Housekeepers' Week at University

SAVE FORESTS, STORE FLOODS

Resolutions of the Arizona Merchants' Association Favoring Policy of Flood Control

Andrew Kimball delivered the following address on "Reclamation," during the Farmers' and Housekeepers' Week of the University of Arizona, at Tucson, before the State Forestry Association, just organized. His theme was:

Save the Forests and Store the Floods.

"'God planted a garden eastward in Eden; and there he put the man whom he had formed. And out of the ground made the Lord God to grow every tree that is pleasant to the sight and good for food." Gen. 2, 8-9.

"Every Child in a Garden, Every Mother in a Home, and Individual Industrial Independence for every Worker in a Home of his Own on the Land, and that each Man shall possess the ground he can use and no more." This is our motto.

Conservation.

"We cannot hope to perpetuate the lands of our State and transmit to our offspring an inheritance, unless we awaken to the fact of Conservation. Unless we protect the watersheds, hold back the rain, prevent the rapid run-off, and consequent erosion and destruction daily going on. In the Southwest our agricultural and grazing lands will ultimately be relegated to the desert, if we do not awaken to the principal of conservation.

Reparation, Reclamation, Conservation.

"Reclamation by surface storage has proven a success."

The next great thing to be accomplished is storage underground, repairing our watersheds and the fixation of our rivers.

"Save the Forests and Store the Floods."

We cannot have our pie and eat it. We cannot destroy the forests with its underbrush and the earth's covering and hope to perpetuate a regular flow of water. We must protect our watersheds.

In this reclamation work there are at least three men whose names will not die:

Theodore Roosevelt, who established the Forest Reserve; Francis G. Newlands, author of the Reclamation Service, and George H. Maxwell, who made it possible to secure its enactment and aided in bringing about the initial project—the Roosevelt Dam.

Of these men we have this to say:

All the work done by so many others would have come to naught if it had not been for the legislative labors of Francis G. Newlands, in framing and securing the passage through congress of the Newlands' National Irrigation Bill, officially designated after its enactment as the United States Reclamation Act, which was signed by President Roosevelt, on June 17, 1902. It may be a generation, even two or three generations, before the full size of Senator Newlands is seen and acknowledged by his countrymen. But in time it will be revealed that his is one of the few names that cannot die, because embalmed in the spirit of service to his fellowmen.

The Educational Propaganda—by Maxwell.

I cannot in this connection close in reference to those who, outside of congress, have been active in this movement, without referring to Mr. George H. Maxwell, the executive director of the National Reclamation Association, who is so prominently identified with the national reclamation movement; who conducted the educational propaganda throughout the country for ten years, which finally led to putting that measure upon the statute books; who, ever since then, has been continuously connected with with the nation-wide educational propaganda for the passage of this measure; and who, as the trusted advisor of the Flood Commission of Pittsburg and of the Reclamation Association of Louisiana, gave his ripe experience to the subject of conducting this great propaganda, and the prosecution of the work of those organizations. In connection with that work he lived for nearly three years in Pittsburg, from 1908 to 1911, studying the flood problems of the Ohio river valley, for two years, during 1912 and 1913, the two great flood years, he was in New Orleans, studying the flood and waterways problems of the Mississippi river valley.

Work Accomplished and Work To Be Accomplished in our State and the West.

Twenty years ago the business men of Phoenix and Los Angeles secured the cooperation of the eastern merchants and manufacturers as members of the National Reclamation Association. The result was the United States Reclamation Act, which has created an immense volume of trade in all agricultural lines. It has brought over 3,000,000 new acres under tillage. In the Salt River valley alone, due to the Roosevelt Dam, the production is now over $40,000,000 a year from 300,000 acres.

The water that runs to waste into the Gulf of California from the Colorado river, will irrigate 5,000,000 acres in Arizona and California, besides large areas by electrical pumping in Nevada. No comprehensive plan has ever been made for the construction of the necessary works to save the stupendous waste to the nation.

Having made good to our eastern friends on the Reclamation Act, the project we interested them in twenty years ago, we are now undertaking, with the hearty backing of the Arizona Merchants' Association and the Arizona Bankers' Association, this new and larger project of the Colorado river and its tributaries in Arizona.

Underground Storage.

Still greater work ahead of us, that of underground storage by the check dam system, this can be accomplished. It has for years been the dream of the builders of Arizona that ways and means might be found for saving for beneficial use, every drop of flood water that now goes to waste in the State, often leaving devastation in its wake.

Within the last few years, however, great strides have been made in the science of husbanding water and it has been found by actual experience that in many respects underground storage may be even more economical and effective than surface storage. In Southern California, where no large surface storage reservoirs exist, underground storage has been developed in many localities and its benefits thoroughly proven.

Not long ago George Otis Smith, the director of the United States Geological Survey, made the remark: "We used to think we had to find a basin in the mountains in which we could store the water on the surface in a reservoir above the ground. Now we know that we can make a storage reservoir of the mountain itself, in many cases, and thereby vastly increase the possibilities of water conservation."

In many European countries these methods of water storage in the canyons by building retardation works to slow up the run off, have been thoroughly tried out and proved successful, stopping floods at the same time. The Olmsted report on flood control on the Gila river adopts this modern idea and ever since early in the year, the work of organization in behalf of the adoption of that report and the construction of the retardation works it recommends, has been steadily going forward from one success to another.

Cooperation with local effort, statewide movement and coordination with the Federal government. Coupling flood prevention and protection with water conservation for the irrigation of lands. This under the Olmsted-Newlands plans for conserving a stupendous volume of flood water now going to waste, and damaging the country by erosion.

In these days when "Reconstruction" is in the air, this huge resource must not be neglected, and it will not be if the people of Arizona will take advantage of the opportunity and bring the proposition to the attention of the people of the United States, as effectively as the idea of national irrigation was brought to their attention twenty years ago by the National Reclamation Association.

Mr. Maxwell says: "As the Roosevelt Dam was made a model of surface flood storage, the Gila river is to be made a model of river regulation by and through the check dam system recommended by the Olmsted Report on Flood Control. He further says: "The Gila river is the worst flood river in the world. Its control will not only enormously benefit Arizona, but will be a model as to how to control floods on any flood stream in the country, and the value of this model, this absolute demonstration, will be worth to the nation vastly more than the entire $6,000,000 it will cost on the Gila. It will conserve a large volume of flood water that can be used to replenish the underground supplies of the Casa Grande and Maricopa country, and make it possible to standardize the supply for the Gila Bend project so as to insure the success of that project.

Organization and Concerted Action Necessary.

The formation of the Gila Valley Water Users' Association means the establishment of the main trunk of the structure of organization in behalf of the Newlands-Olmsted plan. That being completed, the San Francisco drainage system will be organized, with Clifton as a center; the San Simon, with San Simon and Bowie as centers; the San Pedro valley with Benson as a center. After these have all been organized, the work of organization will be carried to Florence, Casa Grande, Maricopa, Gila Bend and even to Yuma and the Imperial valley.

The greatest danger to the Imperial valley today of a repetition of the dangerous break of some years ago, comes from the Gila river, arising from the chance that a big flood from the Gila may pile in on top of a flood from the Colorado river and overtop the protection levees of the Imperial valley. The construction of the work contemplated on the Gila will make the Imperial valley entirely safe for many years to come.

Mr. Maxwell has given the subject as careful study as any man living, and he says that beyond a question the irrigated and cultivated area in Arizona can be extended ten fold in the next ten years, if the people will stand by the slogan suggested at the convention of the Arizona Association of Cattle Growers: "Everybody—All Together—For Arizona." and take advantage of the time which is now so ripe, for interesting the people of the United States at large in the wonderful possibilities offered by this to replace the wealth destroyed by the war, by the creation of new wealth from new resources, and from resources now wasted as the flood water is wasted in Arizona—a mine of wealth which is undeveloped and unused.

The State Merchants and Bankers Association stands behind their movement.

Arizona Merchants' Association

Resolutions relating to the adoption of a State and National policy for the conservation and utilization of all the now wasted flood waters of Arizona, including the Colorado river, unanimously adopted November 4, 1919:

WHEREAS, at the annual convention of the Arizona Merchants' Association, at Tucson, on October 14, 1919, the following resolutions were presented to the convention by the Committee on Resolutions and unanimously adopted by the convention:

WHEREAS, Water Conservation and Utilization as the basis of agriculture, is the foundation resource of Arizona and the perpetuity of this great basic resource is menaced by the fact that immense areas of the richest alluvial lands of the State are being destroyed by devastating floods; and,

WHEREAS, the flood waters which are thus eroding and ruining the lands of inestimable value, can be controlled and utilized to produce food crops on more than a million acres of the arid lands in Arizona, by the control and conservation of the floods at their sources, by the methods recommended in the Olmsted Report on Flood Control on the Gila river and the Newlands plan for source stream control;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the Arizona Merchants' Association urges the adoption of a national policy for flood prevention and control, and the flood water conservation and utilization on all watersheds, and in every county in Arizona, in accordance with the Newlands-Olmsted Plan, as contemplated in the act of the Legislature of Arizona, establishing the Arizona Resources Board to cooperate with the Newlands River Regulation Commission, created by Act of Congress, approved August 8, 1917;

RESOLVED, FURTHER, That the devastating forces of Nature, which have destroyed so many irrigated regions of the earth in the past must be fought by this nation with the same adequate expenditure that it would put forth in defense against the devastations of an invading foreign nation, and that a national education campaign must be conducted to rouse the people of the United States to a realization of its imperative necessity.

Bring your children to the Minstrel Show. The money don't go out of town.

MERCHANTS HOLD SECOND BANQUET

George H. Smalley Delivers Splendid Address on Rising Cost of Living

RESOLUTIONS ARE ADOPTED

Charles Christy Appeals for Cooperation of Merchants of the State

The banquet given by the Graham County Merchant's Association, at the Palms Cafe, Saturday night, was attended by members of the association from every town in the valley.

The guests of the evening were: George H. Smalley, of Tucson, Fair Price Commissioner for the State of Arizona, and Charles Christy, of Phoenix, Secretary of the Arizona Merchants' Association.

Secretary R. A. Armstrong was the master of ceremonies, and, as usual, was up to his job in his best style.

A splendid roast turkey dinner, with all the trimmings, was served, a most enjoyable feast.

When coffee and cigars were served, Mr. Armstrong introduced Mr. Smalley, who made the following address, choosing as his subject, "The Attempt to Check the Rising Cost of Living through Artificial Means":

The subject of rising costs of necessaries of life is the most popular and at the same time the most unpopular issue in America today. Its solution means much to the man who is not getting by, and is therefore popular, because he believes there is something wrong which the government can correct with its strong arm striking at what he contends is the source of the evil; and it is unpopular with that class of our people who are in position to pass the burden on by reason of adequate increase in salaries and incomes, or increment in valuation of lands and goods.

H. C. L. will go down in history as the great phenomena of the twentieth century. And it will be explained by statisticians from as many angles as they now attempt to explain its presence. Since 1895 prices of foods and other commodities have risen with scarcely no interruption, and you will recall how in 1912 the political parties made the rising cost of living prominent planks in their platforms, and fire was centered on the protective tariff. Reduction in tariff schedules brought no permanent relief and prices continued to increase.

The phenomena lost some of its momentum in 1913, when labor became plentiful and idle men thronged the industrial centers, and the slogan in the South was a pitiful appeal to all to "buy a bale of cotton." Farm products decreased in price, and I recall in the Salt River valley that hay was offered at as low as $5.00 a ton. But the assassination of the Crown Prince of Austria revived the phenomena, and idle American labor was put to work producing munitions and foods for war-mad Europe. Then began an orgy of rising prices which had never been dreamed of. When America was drawn into the war in 1917, flour and sugar had reached the highest prices ever known. Fortunate for the American people, we had produced a man of wonderful vision who foresaw the doom of American homes, and who volunteered his services to his country—a service which proved a salvation not only to American industry and American homes but to the nations of Europe allied against a common enemy. Next to the President of the United States as an outstanding figure in the great war was that forceful, dominating, far-seeing westerner, Herbert Hoover.

He did not chase away the phantom, but he reduced his activities and kept it from impoverishing our homes. He taught us how to save and how to serve. He mobolized the production and distribution of foods, fixed prices and controlled manufacturers. In our own State, where we produced about one-half the wheat consumed by our people, he called upon us for greater sacrifice. A survey of wheat and flour in the State showed a supply for five months if consumed on the basis of six pounds per person monthly, so we gathered up 800,000 pounds of wheat without a single protest and sent it to the mills, where it was manufactured into flour at $10.75 a barrel, and we reduced our flour consumption to enable 3,000,000 pounds of flour to go from Arizona to help feed the fighters for our cause in Europe. He showed us how to go without sugar, and we cut our rations down to about a third of our normal consumption. In every state he gathered about him such big, broad-minded, patriotic men as Tim Riordan, who made it possible for his great work to be crowned with success.

Then the fighting ceased and by the end of 1918 Hoover's great organization was completely demobolized. Restrictions were lifted, rules rescinded, and the great lesson taught by the war was left in our land for fruition.

But how did we profit by it? Did we heed the warning that the war crisis averted, left us facing a condition even more serious? War-ridden Europe, with twenty million hungry mouths had to be fed, we were told, and it must come from our savings of food, or innocent women and children would face starvation. Production must go on as it never had before, and the American farmer was given a guarantee for the wheat he might raise to help ameliorate the food shortage.

Crops in 1918 were greater than ever known up to that time.

The farmer in 1919 responded with one hundred million bushels of wheat production greater than the average of the past five years; with 15,000,000 bushels of potatoes; with 1,250,000 tons of sugar; with 4,000,000 bushels of rice, and 10,000,000 tons of hay. Bountiful crops blinded us to the peril which stalks in the path of plenty, and in our wild joy over our success in the world war, we threw aside restraint and filled our tables in a festival of extravagant living. Our greed soon created a shortage of sugar and the new cane crops of 1919 found us entirely out. The refiners, held down by Hoover during the war to reasonable profits, found themselves without restraint, and now the American people are paying for failure to heed the lesson of thrift taught them. Our own government, anxious to allow trade to go on unhampered by restrictions, refused the Cuban sugar crop offered by the planters for 6½ cents in August, 1919, and today we have 20-cent sugar—twice the price paid by the American people during the war, when we had control and practiced thrift under the wise guidance of Herbert Hoover. Flour, because of our greed, rose in price beyond the government's guarantee and the 10-cent loaf is now threatened.

While we consumed bounteously at home, our sales to other countries exceeded our purchases last year by $3,700,000,000. We sent $50,000,000 of shoes, but did not off-set it by caring for and curtailing our own use of them.

If wages had kept pace with the rising cost of necessaries, had salaries advanced correspondingly, and all men were able to earn enough more, nobody would complain of high prices; but unfortunately there are many whose incomes have not increased adequately to give that added value to the 40 cents purchasing power of the silver dollar which would enable them to live as they did before the cataclysm of extreme high prices.

They are bearing the burden, not the wage-earner or the salaried man, whose income allows him to give his family the same comforts they enjoyed before the rise in prices.

He has not had his full share in the 400 per cent increase in the amount of paper money issued since 1913. He has not been able to join the bank depositors who have increased deposits over sixty per cent. He has had through sheer necessity to heed the war time thrift throughout these days when others more fortunate have two dollars to his one.

In my investigations of prices I look into the margin of profit taken by dealers in handling the things this man must have in order to live. I do not care what profit a dealer takes in selling silk shirts and silk hose. The higher they go the sooner men and women will cease buying them and allow the labor thus employed to be utilized in making the things the other fellow needs.

It is, in the final analysis, a panic of extravagant buying in markets short in production—a shortage of labor, a demand for things far in excess of the supply. Every dealer knows the difficulty of securing goods—there is not enough to go around.

The solution then is greater production, less buying and the conservation of all we produce and wear until such time as supply catches up with demand.

We want it said of Arizona that no dealer in the necessaries of life is making the situation worse by taking unfair margins of profit. The ugly phase which we refer to as profiteering has had its part in increasing the cost of many things. Many people who know nothing of the economic and social issues which are fundamental in the cause for high prices, believe that the distributors of necessaries are the sole cause for the exhorbitant prices they are forced to pay them. They do not know what prices the dealers have to pay, and they place every dealer under suspicion. Instances of profiteering here and there have brought this about.

As federal fair price commissioner, I have a duty to perform in behalf of the dealer as well as the public. If I fail to bring about cooperation between dealers and fair price boards and myself, then the matter goes into court for final adjudication.

Having worked during the war with Arizona grocers, manufacturers, and all dealers in foods and feeds, I have no doubt of the desire of our dealers to give their best cooperation.

Arizona dealers, through their State association, have promised cooperation, and if I, as fair price commissioner for this State, cannot have this full cooperation, my work and yours will be a failure.

Upon the conclusion of Mr. Smalley's address, a general discussion ensued on the subject of high prices, which was followed by the reading of the following resolutions, presented by President Webb, which were unanimously adopted:

RESOLVED, That the Graham County Merchants' Association, appreciating the necessity of doing everything possible to curtail the ever rising tide of prices, hereby offers its services personally and collectively to Mr. Geo. H. Smalley, Fair Price Commissioner of Arizona, in making any and all investigations that will tend to uncover any profiteering practices there may said to be on the part of the retail distributors in Graham county;

We only ask that in making such investigations, the common rules of business practices be observed and that, if no such profiteering practices be discovered, we urge that such facts be given as wide publicity as has been given the charges themselves.

WHEREAS, The Graham County Merchants' Association, as retail distributors, in its desire to cooperate and assist in every way possible the various governmental agencies in combating the present high prices, recognize

First—That conditions arising out of the world war have resulted in decreased production and increased demand.

Second—That the only permanent solution of the problem is to increase production or lessen the demand, or both;

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That as retailers, we will feature the lower priced line of merchandise at the closest margin of profit possible.

In conclusion, we want to emphasize as strongly as possible, the necessity of securing the cooperation of manufacturers and jobbers in carrying on this campaign, and that especial efforts are made by governmental agencies to increase production, particularly of the plainer and substantial grades of merchandise.

Mr. Christy was then introduced by Mr. Armstrong, who said in part:

That the Arizona Merchant's Association sought the cooperation of each community. That the recourse of the merchants was organization. Labor and farmers organized, but not the merchant.

The order of the Council of Defense to place the cost and selling price on merchandise, brought merchants of State together, but the order had never been enforced.

The Merchant's Association had succeeded in having several good laws passed by the legislature. Another law which should be enacted by the legislature and enforced, is the bad check law.

The Merchants' Association was necessary as an organization for business men, and more members were needed. Each county now is represented in board of governors and any business man could be a member.

When Mr. Christy concluded his remarks, he received the applications of fifteen new members.

Mr. Christy returned to Phoenix Sunday. Mr. Smalley remained in town until Tuesday on business in connection with his office as fair price commissioner.

MINSTRELS COMING

The Safford Minstrel Company will give a benefit performance at Brier's Hall, Wednesday evening, February 11th. A splendid cast, new songs, jokes and local hits. Don't forget the date.

Subscribe for THE GUARDIAN, your Home Paper.

CHAMBERS IS GIVEN DECISION

In His Bout with Eddie Johnson at Layton Hall, Tuesday Night

JOHNSON A SQUARE FIGHTER

Refused Decision when Fouled by Chambers in the First Round

Russell Chambers, of Douglas, was given the decision in his bout with Eddie Johnson at the end of the tenth round, Tuesday night, at Layton Hall.

In the first round Chambers hit Johnson low and apologized for the unintentional foul. Johnson refused to accept the decision on a foul and after a short rest, the boxers resumed the fight. Both men are clean fighters and believe in giving a square deal to the public.

The succeeding rounds were a splendid exhibition of boxing, and it was nip and tuck in each round until the tenth round, when Chambers knocked Johnson down for a count of four, when he was up and at it again, though somewhat groggy. The round ended with the decision in favor of Chambers.

About 800 people attended the fourth event of the Safford Athletic Association. A large number of ladies were present and enjoyed the sport.

C. O. Bennett and H. A. Eisenhour were the official timekeepers.

Secretary of State Mit Sims and County Assessor J. Myron Allred were the Judges in the Johnson-Chambers contest.

E. S. Wickersham was master of ceremonies and announced the events.

The first preliminary was between the two little Bell boys, aged 5 and 6 years. The boys brought down the house by their gameness and the bout resulted in a draw.

R. Bingham and Elma Pugh mixed it up for several rounds, resulting in Bingham going down for the count.

Bert Cairn won his bout with Clarence Goodman.

Casey Smith did not show up for his bout with Alger. Reported sick in Globe.

Soldier Burke and Mack Spaw gave a clever exhibition of boxing for six rounds, resulting in a draw.

Water Users to Meet Next Monday

A meeting of the Water Users' Association will be held next Monday afternoon, at 2:00 o'clock, at the court house.

The committee appointed to view site for a diversion dam above San Jose and also for high line canal on river, will make its report at this meeting.

Every farmer and business man should attend this meeting.

FIRST AIRPLANE AT SAFFORD

The first airplane to be seen in Safford flew over the town Tuesday afternoon on its way to Morenci from Douglas. The aviator threw out circulars calling for recruits for the navy.

WOMAN'S CLUB MEETING

The Woman's Club will hold its business meeting, next Friday, February 6th, at its club rooms in the court house. All members urged to attend.

WILL ATTEND CONFERENCE

President Heber J. Grant, head of the Mormon Church, will attend the St. Joseph Stake Quarterly Conference, February 7th and 8th.

SIMMS A VISITOR

Secretary of State Mit Simms came in Tuesday night on a short business visit in town and valley.

WANTED TO BUY—About ten cases of honey—suitable for feeding bees; candied will do. Geronimo Honey Co., Geronimo, Ariz.

Jazz! jazz! jazz! great music and dancing at the Minstrel Show.

FOR SALE—Brick house, modern improvements; large lot; on First West street, now occupied by C. O. Bennett. Apply to K. W. Sloan, Safford, Arizona. 48-3t

The Graham Guardian

JOHN F. WEBER, - - EDITOR

OFFICIAL PAPER OF GRAHAM COUNTY

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY

THE GUARDIAN PUBLISHING COMPANY

Entered in the Postoffice, Safford, Arizona, as Second Class Mail Matter.

TERMS:

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE.....$1.50

Address all communications to

THE GUARDIAN PUBLISHING COMPANY

SAFFORD, ARIZONA

JANUARY 30, 1920

THE ROLL OF HONOR

The following states have ratified the National Woman's Suffrage Amendment:

1	Wisconsin	June 10, 1919
2	Illinois	June 10, 1919
3	Michigan	June 10, 1919
4	Kansas	June 16, 1919
6	New York	June 16, 1919
7	Pennsylvania	June 24, 1919
8	Massachusetts	June 25, 1919
9	Texas	June 28, 1919
10	Iowa	July 2, 1919
11	Missouri	July 3, 1919
12	Arkansas	July 28, 1919
13	Montana	July 30, 1919
14	Nebraska	August 2, 1919
15	Minnesota	Sept. 8, 1919
16	New Hampshire	Sept. 10, 1919
17	Utah	Sept. 30, 1919
18	California	Nov. 1, 1919
19	Maine	Nov. 5, 1919
20	North Dakota	Dec. 1, 1919
21	South Dakota	Dec. 3, 1919
22	Colorado	Dec. 12, 1919

AN IMPORTANT MEETING

Every farmer and every business man in this valley should attend the meeting of the Water Users' Association, which will be held next Monday afternoon at 2:00 o'clock, at the court house.

This meeting will be especially important, as the committee appointed to view a site for a diversion dam on the upper Gila river, as well as a high line canal, will make its report.

It is to the interest of every citizen in the valley, to drive the point in harder, that they devote some of their time to the meetings held by the association, which are really for the benefit of all, when it is realized that organized effort is absolutely necessary to accomplish the improvements on the Gila river that are needed to save valley lands.

The continued devastation of lands bordering on the river during flood times, if not stopped, will eventually get all the best lands, in which case there will be no farms to till for crops; the people will have to go somewhere else, and the business men will be out of business and also have to seek pastures new.

There is nothing far fetched in this story. It is true, absolutely, that unless the people of this valley wake up to the situation as regards the ravages of the Gila river and combine their efforts through organization to secure help from the government to curb the flood waters of the river, there will come a time when the river will conquer the land and take it all.

The Water Users' Association should receive the support of every citizen in the valley and be backed up strongly in its endeavor to secure National or State help in saving the farming lands of the valley.

Attend the meeting next Monday afternoon at the court house and take an active interest in its proceedings. Keep the proposition of saving our farming lands in your mind at all times. It is more important than anything else for your future and your children's future. We say it is, and you must believe us.

QUIETEST PLACE ON EARTH

A wise nut discovered that it is unhealthy for two persons to sleep in the same bed. Another savior of the health of his brethern has learned that it is unsafe to ride a horse that another fellow has ridden or to attend church where other people attend. The kiss has been branded as a tempter. Handshaking is now considered as extremely dangerous. Now if things keep up it will be unhealthy to be buried in the same graveyard with other people. The only place a person can be safe from disease or getting run over is in a store that does not advertise.—Ex.

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PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, COUNTY OF GRAHAM, STATE OF ARIZONA, } ss.:

SAFFORD, ARIZONA, December 31, 1919.

The Board of Supervisors met in pursuance of Paragraph 2478, Revised Statutes of Arizona, 1913, at 9:00 o'clock a. m., with the following members present: H. J. Dowdle, Chairman; Frank A Webster, Member; J. T. Owens, Member; Martin Layton, Clerk; R. W. Smith, County Attorney.

The minutes of the special meeting held December 22, 1919, were read and approved by a unanimous vote of the board.

The board, by motion, duly put and carried, approved the notary bonds of Chas. B. Yett and E. D. Householder, in the penal sum of $1,000.00 each.

State Board Claim, No. 1016, for the sum of $180.00, was, by a unanimous vote of the board, approved.

The following claims against the county were audited by the Board of Supervisors and the county recorder, allowed, and the clerk was ordered to draw warrants in payment of the same:

Claim No.	By Whom Presented	For What Purpose	Amt. Cl'm'd	Amt. War'nt	Warrant No.
690	County pay roll	County and precinct officials' salaries, Dec. 1 to 15, inc.	$1,351.23	$1,351.23	1470 to 1507
691	County pay roll	County and precinct officials' salaries, Dec. 16 to 31, inc.	1,351.23	1,351.23	1508 to 1545

The following claims against the county were audited by the Board of Supervisors, allowed, and the clerk was ordered to draw warrants in payment of the same, as follows:

Claim No.	By Whom Presented	For What Purpose	Amt. Cl'm'd	Amt. War'nt	Warrant No.
692	J. W. Greenhalgh	Inspector, road bond election	$6.00	$6.00	1546
693	Geo. A. Foote	Judge, " " "	6.00	6.00	1547
694	W. D. French	Judge, " " "	6.00	6.00	1548
695	Anna N. French	Clerk, " " "	6.00	6.00	1549
696	Hallie Clements	Clerk, " " "	6.00	6.00	1550
697	Martin M. Jacobson	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1551
698	J. I. Palmer	Inspector, " " "	5.00	5.00	1552
699	E. D. Howard	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1553
700	Wm. Wamsley	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1554
701	Chas. F. Watson	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1555
702	Wm. F. Butler, Jr.	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1556
703	Jas. E. Chesley	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1557
704	L. W. Woolsey	Inspector, " " "	5.00	5.00	1558
705	John A. Lee	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1559
706	Clifford Allred	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1560
707	H. K. Maxham	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1561
708	J. C. Lee	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1562
709	G. L. Allred	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1563
710	Tom Gardner	Inspector, " " "	5.00	5.00	1564
711	S. R. Curtis	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1565
712	Ammon Curtis	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1566
713	Cleveland Curtis	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1567
714	Edwin Moody	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1568
715	Don Curtis	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1569
716	B. F. Stewart	Inspector, " " "	5.00	5.00	1570
717	J. I. Massey	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1571
718	A. H. Austin	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1572
719	Jesse M. Layton	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1573
720	D. B. Ryan	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1574
721	W. F. Tidwell	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1575
722	W. L. Follett	Inspector, " " "	5.00	5.00	1576
723	Don C. McBride	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1577
724	Alfred Rohner	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1578
725	S. S. Green	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1579
726	Chas. Rogers	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1580
727	T. L. Willis	Inspector, " " "	5.00	5.00	1581
728	J. Y. Lee	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1582
729	Oscar Tyler	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1583
730	C. N. Higgins	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1584
731	L. J. Brown	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1585
732	J. H. McMurren	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1586
733	W. O. Tuttle	Rent, polling place, road bond election	5.00	5.00	1587
734	Bonita Mercantile Co.	Inspector, road bond election, J. R. Boyle	5.00	5.00	1588
735	Central Bank of Willcox	Judge, road bond election, J. R. Shrode	5.00	5.00	1589
736	Central Bank of Willcox	Judge, road bond election, J. E. Shrode	5.00	5.00	1590
737	Jessie M. DuBois	Clerk, road bond election	5.00	5.00	1591
738	Marc E. DuBois	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1592
739	A. J. Mills	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1593
740	Marc E DuBois	Postage, election returns, road bond election	1.00	1.00	1594
741	Wiley M. Morgan	Inspector, road bond election	5.00	5.00	1595
742	Dan A. Roten	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1596
743	J. D. Clayton	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1597
744	Fred W. Dowdle	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1598
745	James Quinn	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1599
746	Bert Morgan	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1600
747	Heber Higgins	Inspector and delivering supplies, road bond election	9.00	9.00	1601
748	A. B. Allred	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1602
749	A. A. Allred	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1603
750	J. B. Evans	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1604
751	Y. B. Cash	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1605
752	Hanson Vail	Inspector, " " "	5.00	5.00	1606
753	W. A. Banks	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1607
754	Harry O. Collins	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1608
755	J. E. Thomas	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1609
756	A. H. Monzingo	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1610
757	H. M. Estes	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1611
758	George A. Hoopes	Inspector, " " "	5.00	5.00	1612
759	Willis Daley	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1613
760	J. M. Moody	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1614
761	J. C. Layton	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1615
762	Ousley A. Reneer	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1616
763	O. M. Allen	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1617
764	A. J. Kempton	Inspector, " " "	5.00	5.00	1618
765	B. B. Wyatt	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1619
766	H. C. Kimball	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1620
767	Alex Waters	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1621
768	J. V. Pace	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1622
769	Alfred Plumb	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1623
770	James M. Smith	Inspector, " " "	5.00	5.00	1624
771	Millard Fyffe	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1625
772	H. L. Norton	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1626
773	L. A. Adams	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1627
774	James A. Martin	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1628
775	Homer M. Tate	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1629
776	Millard Fyffe	Postage, election supplies, road bond election	1.00	1.00	1630
777	R. S. Knowles	Inspector, road bond election	5.00	5.00	1631
778	S. B. Hinton	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1632
779	S. J. Curtis	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1833
780	E. W. Black	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1834
781	J. N. Holyoak	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1835
782	C. N. Rose	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1836
783	H. A. McBeath	Rent, polling place, road bond election	5.00	5.00	1637
784	Geo. O. Peck	Inspector, road bond election	5.00	5.00	1638
785	G. A. Bryce	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1639
786	Tom McGuire	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1640
787	Guy Dixon	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1641
788	G. L. Hatch	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1642
789	W. A. Peck	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1643
790	H. W. Nichols	Inspector, " " "	5.00	5.00	1644
791	N. O. Tenney	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1645
792	M. S. Byrd	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1646
793	Raymond Brock	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1647
794	W. D. Wear	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1648
795	G. J. Hatch	Inspector, " " "	5.00	5.00	1649
796	E. P. Bryce	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1650
797	J. W. Blazzard	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1651
798	W. H. Roach	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1652
799	Alex Layton	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1653
800	Eugene Curtis	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1654
801	Z. C. Prina	Highway commissioner, salary and expense	150.00	150.00	1655
802	Grace Layton	Secretary's salary, highway commission	25.00	25.00	1656
803	Graham County Highway Commission	Appropriation Pima bridge	500.00	500.00	1657
804	J. B. Evans	Inspector, school bond election	5.00	5.00	1658
805	B. A. Hildreth	Judge, school bond election	5.00	5.00	1659
806	A. A. Allred	Judge, " " "	5.00	5.00	1660
807	J. Holcomb	Clerk, " " "	5.00	5.00	1661
808	A. B. Allred	Marshal, " " "	3.00	3.00	1662
809	J. B. Evans	Clerk, " " " B. F. Sparks	5.00	5.00	1663
810	Pace Hardware Co.	Supplies, county	16.70	16.70	1664
811	The Palms	County laundry	6.75	6.75	1665
812	Guardian Pub. Co.	County printing and publishing	72.10	72.10	1666
813	Ione Curtis	Assisting treasurer's office	79.50	79.50	1667
814	S. W. Baird	Court house laundry	3.50	3.50	1668
815	Bank of Safford	Indigent supplies, F. M. Layton	38.35	38.35	1669
816	J. Myron Allred	Expense, assessor's office	59.10	59.10	1670
817	Remington Typewriter Company	Supplies, supervisors' office	117.00	117.00	1671
818	Martin Layton	Supplies, " "	13.43	13.43	1672
819	J. Myron Allred	Expense, Assessor's office	7.20	7.20	1673
820	Gila Valley Electric, Gas and Water Co.	County light and water service	38.70	38.70	1674
821	Bank of Safford	Lodging for jurors, A. E. Jacobson	14.00	14.00	1675
822	Bank of Safford	Supplies, sheriff's office, F. M. Layton	17.00	17.00	1676
823	Gila Valley Furniture and Hardware Store	Supplies, court house	10.90	10.90	1677
824	Bank of Safford	Hospital supplies, B. W. Wright	8.90	8.90	1678
825	First National Bank of Tombstone	Superior Court expense, A. C. Lockwood	26.37	26.37	1679
826	W. R. Chambers	Legal services, bond election	75.00	75.00	1680
827	Mrs. J. H. Blair	Meals for jurors	12.60	12.60	1681
828	University of Arizona Agricultural Extension Service	Farm advisor appropriation	62.50	62.50	1682
829	Western Union Telegraph Co.	County telegraphic service	2.25	2.25	1683
830	Field-Parker Co.	Supplies, court house	21.25	21.25	1684
831	Martin Jacobson	Expense, constable	6.00	6.00	1685
832	Bank of Safford	County telegraphic service, Western Union Telegraph Co	1.15	1.15	1686
833	Field-Parker Co.	Supplies, court house	140.80	140.80	1687
834	" " "	" " "	116.75	116.75	1688
835	Tom Campbell	Court interpreter	2.50	2.50	1689
836	Chas. B. Yett	Premium, county fire insurance	136.00	136.00	1690
837	W. E. Platt	Hospital contract	46.50	46.50	1691
838	Luella Hoopes	Salary, stenographer, county attorney's office	50.00	50.00	1692
839	R. W. Smith	Expense, county attorney's office	2.00	2.00	1693
840	R. W. Smith	Expense, county attorney's office	49.89	49.89	1694
841	R. W. Smith	Expense, county attorney's office	.75	.75	1695
842	Sarah A. Cluff	Dec. indigent allowance	10.00	10.00	1696
843	Bank of Safford	Nov. " " S. Marcoviez	20.00	20.00	1697
844	Keturah Baker	Dec. indigent allowance	10.00	10.00	1698
845	Jose Dominguez	" " "	25.00	25.00	1699
846	Mrs. G. W. Crotts	" " "	10.00	10.00	1700
847	Sarah Marcoveicz	" " "	20.00	20.00	1701
848	Ina Barca	" " "	10.00	10.00	1702
849	Mrs. Dora Lee	Jan. " "	10.00	10.00	1703
850	Cal Harris	Dec. " "	25.00	25.00	1704
851	Solomonville Market	" " supplies	5.00	5.00	1705
852	Mrs. H. C. Waddell	" " allowance	10.00	10.00	1706
853	Bank of Safford	Supplies, road district, No. 1.	1.85	1.85	1707
854	" " "	" " " " 1.	5.50	5.50	1708
855	" " "	Road vouchers	985.77	915.02	1709
856	Gila Valley Bank and Trust Co.	Road vouchers	282.75	282.75	1710
857	Bank of Safford	Freight, county supplies, Arizona Eastern Railroad	895.99	895.99	1711
858	R. R. Crunk	Supplies, road district, No. 1.	8.75	8.75	1712
859	John West	Road viewing	8.00	8.00	1713
860	Citizens Bank	Voucher, road district, No. 1.	3.50	3.50	1714
861	Klonkyke Mercantile House	Supplies, road district, No. 3.	3.50	3.50	1715
862	Bank of Safford	" " " No. 1, T. F. Boggs	14.00	14.00	1716
863	Halstead Lumber Co.	Supplies, road district, No. 1.	380.23	380.23	1717
864	Pace Hardware Co.	" " " No. 1.	4.80	4.80	1718
865	Halstead Lumber Co.	" Pima bridge	2,227.00	2,227.00	1719
866	J. D. Skaggs	Sheriff, office expense	225.42	213.52	1720

The board having no further business to transact at this meeting, by motion, duly put and carried, adjourned sine die.

H. J. DOWDLE, Chairman.

ATTEST:
MARTIN LAYTON, Clerk.

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Tires

Not Sold 'til you're satisfied

When you buy anything here—whether tires or service—you know that you are going to be satisfied before you ever come. That's our policy.

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Drive up or call up—we're always at your service.

SOWELL & LARSON
Safford, Aaizona

To the Women

We appreciate the patronage of the women. Their business with us is already large and steadily increasing. If you are not now one of our customers, please consider this an invitation to become one.

The Bank of Safford
Safford, Ariz.

Paints, Oils, Auto Enamel, Cedar Posts and Cement

All Kinds of Building Material

W. C. Faulkner Lumber Company
Phone 34F2
Yards at Safford and Pima

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BELLE FLOUR IS MADE FROM VALLEY WHEAT. Belle Flour has not been shipped in dirty box cars. If flour could be made better, we would make it. We could make Belle Flour cheaper, but we won't Insist that your next sack of flour be Belle.

Gila Valley Milling Company

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

The Ford One Ton Truck is serving business just as faithfully and economically as does the Ford Touring Car serve all the people faithfully and economically. The Ford Truck is a necessity to the grocer both in delivering goods and in bringing goods from the stations, docks and from the country. It is an ideal motor car because there isn't a want of the farmer or business man that it doesn't supply in the way of quick transportation at a minimum expense. Come in, examine the Truck, and let us talk over the subject.

Gila Motor Co.
PHONE 100
Safford, Arizona

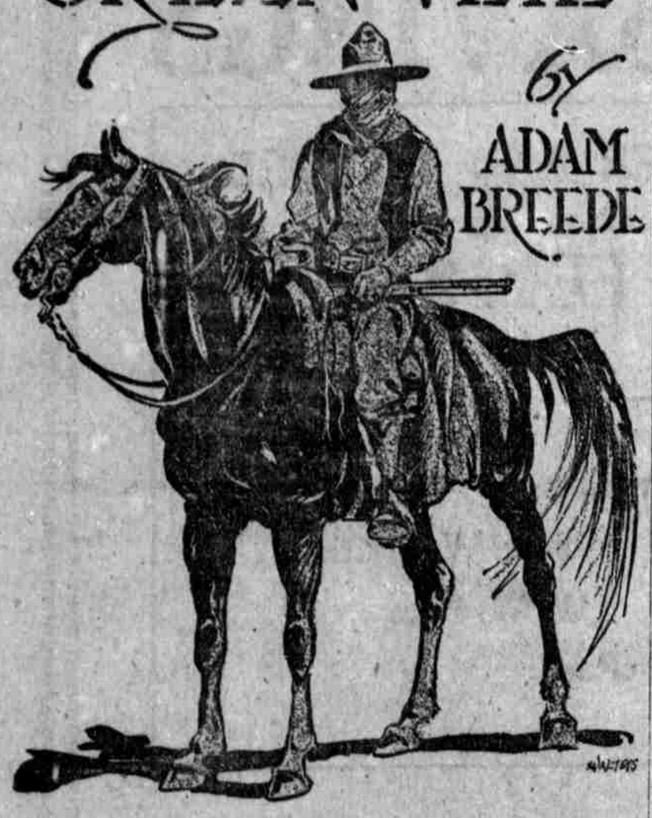
ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS
WITH ATTACHMENTS

FOR RENT BY THE DAY

Gila Valley Electric, Gas and Water Co.

The GREEN VEIL

by ADAM BREEDE



DO YOU like thrills? Do you like the excitement, the hair-raising situations, the stirring romance and adventure that is associated with the mining camps of the West?

If you like these things you will enjoy the short serial story we are going to print under the title of "The Green Veil," by Adam Breede.

Mr. Breede knows the West and he knows how to produce interesting readable, fiction. He gives to his stories that literary polish of the finished writer, and this little serial is typical of his work.

Be sure that you read the opening chapter, and we are then sure you will read all of "THE GREEN VEIL."

Make No Mistake

No matter how careful you are in paying bills, etc., in cash you will sometime or other forget to obtain a receipt. Why not be on the safe side by paying out ALL funds via a check book and receive in return a receipted voucher that is upheld by the highest courts.

The checking account costs you nothing and your funds are always safe from loss by theft or fire.

The Gila Valley Bank and Trust Company

Safford, Arizona

GRATZ D. BROWN
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

Estimates Furnished
All Work Guaranteed

OFFICE—Corner Center and Second South Streets
(Formerly occupied by Farmers' Exchange)

AMERICAN CANAL

May Be Built on California Border to Irrigate Imperial Valley

Objections previously expressed by the State Department to the construction of an all-American canal along the California border, which would free 55,000 settlers of Imperial valley from dependence upon Mexico for water for irrigation purposes, were withdrawn January 18th, by Secretary Lansing in a letter to Representative Kincaid, republican, of Nebraska, chairman of the House Committee on Irrigation.

Secretary Lansing, in approving the Kettner bill, designed to remedy the existing condition, wrote that while not having altered his opinion of the desirabilty of entering into an agreement with Mexico, respecting the irrigation rights, he considered the provisions of the bill "useful in bringing about the future negotiation of such a treaty."

In the Department of the Interior's report on the measure, Secretary Lane also recommended the enactment of the bill. Referring to the great property values involved, in addition to the welfare of 55,000 people, Secretary Lane wrote that he desired to emphasize the "immediate and urgent importance of provisions for a safe and permanent irrigation system" for Imperial valley.

At present Mexican and American ranchers are served jointly by a canal which, though flowing through Mexican territory for 50 miles, is owned by a municipal corporation organized by American citizens.

Dependence of Americans on the canal has resulted, it is claimed, in the refusal of Mexican beneficiaries of the water to pay any part of the maintenance of the canal.

Under the proposed Kettner bill, 200,000 acres of government land east of the Imperial valley, which would be included in the irrgiable territory of the proposed all-American canal, will be opened for entry and settlement by former service men.

Jazz! jazz! jazz! great music and dancing at the Minstrel Show.

ST. JOSEPH STAKE

Meetings and Appointments for the Month of January

Revised Order for Priesthood Day

10:30 a. m.—
Teachers' Training Class. Room 9.
High Priests (Presidency). Room 3.
Seventies (Presidency). Room 7.
Elders (Presidencies). Room 6.
12:00 m.—
Genealogical Society. Room 6.
Young Men's Mutual Improvement Association. (Stake Board.) Room 7.
Young Ladies' Mutual Improvement Association. (Stake Board.) Room 9.
Primary. (Stake Board.) Amusement Hall.
Sunday School. (Stake and Local Superintendencies.)
12:45 p. m.—
Religion Class (Stake Board). Room 4.
High Priests Quorum meetings. Room 9.
1:00 p. m.—
Bishops' Meeting.
Primary (Stake and Local).
Y. M. M. I. A. (Stake and Local.) Room 2.
Y. L. M. I. A. (Stake and Local.) Room 3.
Seventies Quorum meetings. Room 7.
Elders' Quorum meetings. Room 6.
Relief Society. (Stake and Local.) Chapel.
1:45 p. m.—
Acting Teachers and Home Missionaries.
2:30 p. m.—
General Priesthood meeting. Everyone invited.

Don't You Forget It

Bear in mind that Chamberlain's Tablets not only move the bowels but improve the appetite and strengthen the digestion. They contain no pepsin or other digestive ferment but strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. 47-5t

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NOTICE TO BRIDGE CONTRACTORS

Sealed bids will be received until 2:00 p. m., February 7, 1920, at the office of the State Engineer, Phoenix, Arizona, for the construction of a bridge across the Gila River, near San Carlos, Arizona.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the State Engineer, Phoenix, Arizona, or at the office of the Board of Supervisors, at Safford, Arizona. Plans and specifications may be obtained on payment of $5.00 to Thos. Maddock, State Engineer.

Alternate bids may be submitted on designs to be furnished by the bidders, subject to the approval of the State Engineer.

THOS. MADDOCK,
State Engineer.
Phoenix, Arizona, January 7, 1920.
First publication, Jan. 9, 1920.
Last publication, Jan. 30, 1920.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the estate of Jane Allen, deceased, to present them with the proper vouchers attached to the undersigned administrator of said estate, at his residence at Pima, Arizona, within ten months after the first publication of this notice.

JONATHAN A. ALLEN,
Administrator of the estate of Jane Allen, Deceased.
First publication, Jan. 23, 1920.
Last publication, Feb. 20, 1920.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
OF
GILA LUMBER AND MILLING COMPANY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

That we, the undersigned, have voluntarily associated ourselves for the purpose of forming a corporation under the laws of the State of Arizona, and we adopt the following Articles of Incorporation:

Article I

(a). The names, residence and post-office addresses of the incorporators are:

A. M. Greiner, of Globe, Arizona;
P. J. Ross, of Globe, Arizona;
Frank Carlock, of Globe, Arizona.

(b). The name of the corporation shall be "GILA LUMBER AND MILLING COMPANY."

(c). The corporation's office and principal place of transacting business shall be at Thatcher, Graham County, Arizona. Branch offices may be established and business of the corporation may be transacted at any place or places, either within or without the State of Arizona, that the Board of Directors may designate.

Article II

The general nature of the business to be transacted by the corporation is as follows: To engage in, carry on and conduct a general wholesale and retail lumber business; to own, acquire, lease, possess, and otherwise hold timber, saw mills, flumes and lumber yards; to operate saw mills, and to cut, saw and manufacture timber, lumber and their products; to conduct and carry on a general contracting business for the building and constructing of all structures of whatsoever character; to purchase and otherwise acquire, to rent, lease, own, hold, control and improve, and to sell and otherwise dispose of property of every kind, whether real or personal, and wheresoever situated; to receive, hold, enjoy and transfer franchises, easements, contracts and incorporeal hereditaments; to acquire, hold, sell, transfer, pledge, and otherwise dispose of shares of stock, bonds and evidences of indebtedness issued or created by this or any other corporation, and while such holder to exercise all the rights of ownership thereof, including the right to vote stock of any other corporation.

Article III

The amount of the capital stock of the corporation shall be Three Hundred Thousand Dollars ($300,000.00), divided into three thousand (3000) shares of the par value of One Hundred Dollars ($100.00) each. The capital stock shall be issued as provided by the Board of Directors, and shall be fully paid at the time of its issuance. It may be issued in exchange for money, property, services, contracts, leases, or any other valuable right or thing useful and beneficial to this corporation, and the judgment of the Board of Directors as to the value of such property, services and rights shall be conclusive.

Article IV

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be the day these articles are filed as provided by law, and the corporation shall terminate twenty-five (25) years from said date, unless renewed as now provided by law.

Article V

(a). The affairs of the corporation shall be conducted by a Board of Directors consisting of not less than three nor more than five persons, and by such officers as the Board of Directors may elect or appoint. The following named persons shall constitute the Board of Directors until their successors are elected and have qualified:

A. M. Greiner,
P. J. Ross,
Frank Carlock.

Hereafter the Board of Directors shall be elected from among the stockholders at the annual stockholders meeting, to be held on the first Monday of December of each year.

(b). The names of the officers to have charge of the corporate affairs are—President, First Vice President, Second Vice President and Secretary-Treasurer—all of which officers shall be elected by the Board of Directors from their own number.

(c). The Board of Directors are hereby authorized to fill vacancies in the Board and to prepare and to adopt by-laws for the corporation, which said by-laws shall be amended or repealed as provided therein.

(d). The Board of Directors shall have power to sell, convey, mortgage, lease, and otherwise dispose of all or any portion of the property of the corporation, either for cash or in exchange for other property, on such terms and conditions as they may deem proper; provided that the Board of Directors shall not have the power to sell, assign, transfer, convey, or otherwise dispose of the whole or substantially the whole of the property, assets, effects, franchises and good will of the corporation, except with the consent in writing or pursuant to the vote of the holders of two-thirds of all the capital stock of the company issued and outstanding.

Article VI

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability, direct or contingent, to which the corporation can subject itself shall be the sum of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars ($200,000.00).

Article VII

The stockholders and their private property shall be exempt from all liability for corporate debts.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 13th day of January, A. D. 1920.

A. M. GREINER [SEAL]
P. J. ROSS [SEAL]
FRANK CARLOCK [SEAL]

STATE OF ARIZONA, } ss.:
COUNTY OF GILA, }

This instrument was acknowledged before me this 13th day of January, A. D. 1920, by A. M. GREINER, P. J. ROSS and FRANK CARLOCK.

My commission expires December 20, 1920.

[SEAL] BESSIE AGNEW,
Notary Public in and for Gila County, Arizona.

First publication, January 23, 1920.
Last publication, February 27, 1920.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Serial No. 028498

U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, January 10, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that Jeff D. Clayton, of Klondyke, Arizona, who, on October 4, 1915, made Homestead Entry, No. 028498, for Lots 6 and 7, W ½ SE ¼, Section 1, Township 7 South, Range 19 East, Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before H. L. Payne, Clerk of the Superior Court, at Safford, Arizona, on the 19th day of February, 1920.

Claimant names as witnesses:

James T. Sanford, Wiley M. Morgan, Thomas Varley, John F. Greenwood, all of Klondyke, Arizona.

J. L. IRVIN, Register.

First publication, January 16, 1920.
Last publication, February 13, 1920.

NOTICE OF SELECTION

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, AT PHOENIX, ARIZONA
STATE OF ARIZONA

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given that the State of Arizona, under the provisions of the Act of Congress, approved June 20, 1910 (36 Stats., 557), has filed in this office, its School Indemnity Land Selections applying to select as indemnity the lands described as follows:

3459—044349—In T. 7 S., R. 21 E.: All Section 21.

3460—044350—In T. 7 S., R. 21 E.: Lots 3 and 4, E½SW¼; SE¼, Section 18; Lots 1 and 2, E½NW¼; NE¼; Section 19.

3461—044351—In T. 7 S., R. 21 E.: All Section 22.

3462—044352—In T. 7 S., R. 21 E.: All Section 27.

3463—044353—In T. 7 S., R. 21 E.: Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, Section 33; Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, Section 34.

3464—044354—In T. 7 S., R. 21 E.: N½; N½S½, Section 33.

3465—044355—In T. 7 S., R. 21 E.: N½; N½S½, Section 34.

3466—044356—In T. 7 S., R. 21 E.: S½, Section 8; N½, Section 17.

(All in G. and S. R. M.)

During the five weeks' period of publication of this notice, or any time thereafter and before final approval and certification, this office will receive protests or contests as to any of the tracts applied for and transmit the same to the General Land Office.

Dated at Phoenix, Arizona, January 13, 1920.

J. L. IRVIN, Register.
SCOTT WHITE, Receiver.

First publication, Jan. 23, 1920.
Last publication, Feb. 20, 1920.

NOTICE OF SELECTION

UNDER ACT OF CONGRESS, APPROVED JUNE 20, 1910.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, AT PHOENIX, ARIZONA
STATE OF ARIZONA

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given that the State of Arizona has filed in this office its Grant Selection applying to select, for the benefit of the Payment of Bonds, etc., the following described land:

886—042250—In T. 7 S., R. 21 E.: E½, Section 9; all Section 10; all Section 11; all Section 13; W½, Section 25.

887—042251—In T. 7 S., R. 21 E.: W½, Section 15; W½, Section 23; W½, Section 26; W½, Section 35.

888—042342—In T. 7 S., R. 21 E.: E½, Section 25.

(G. and S. R. M.)

During the five weeks' period of publication of this notice or any time thereafter and before final approval and certification, this office will receive protests or contests as to any of the tracts applied for and transmit the same to the General Land Office.

Dated at Phoenix, Arizona, January 13, 1920.

J. L. IRVIN, Register.
SCOTT WHITE, Receiver.
First publication, Jan. 23, 1920.
Last publication, Feb. 20, 1920.

STATE OF ARIZONA
Office of the
Arizona Corporation Commission

United States of America }
State of Arizona } ss.

The Arizona Corporation Commission does hereby certify that the annexed is a true and complete transcript of the

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
—of—
ARIZONA TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK

which were filed in the office of said Arizona Corporation Commission on the 29th day of December A. D. 1919, at 10:00 o'clock a. m., as provided by law.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, The Arizona Corporation Commission, by its Chairman, has hereunto set its hand and affixed its Official Seal. Done at the City of Phoenix, the Capitol, this 29th day of December A. D., 1919.

(SEAL)

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION,
AMOS A. BETTS, Chairman.
Attest:
A. E. STELZER, Secretary.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
—of the—
Arizona Trust and Savings Bank

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That, we W. R. CHAMBERS, whose residence and post-office address is Safford, Arizona, WILLIAM McRAE, whose residence and post office address is Thatcher, Arizona, W. W. PACE, whose residence and post office address is Thatcher, Arizona, FRANK A. WEBSTER, whose residence and post office address is Central, Arizona, and J. W. MATTICE, whose residence and post office address is Pima, Arizona, and all being citizens of the United States, and of the State of Arizona, have this day associated ourselves together for the purpose of forming a corporation under the laws of the State of Arizona, and to make, sign, acknowledge, publish and adopt the following as the articles of incorporation thereof.

ARTICLE I.

The names of the incorporators are W. R. CHAMBERS, WILLIAM McRAE, W. W. PACE, FRANK A. WEBSTER, and J. W. MATICE. The name of the corporation is ARIZONA TRUST AID SAVINGS BANK. The principal place for the transaction of business is the Town of Safford, County of Graham, State of Arizona, and branch offices and banks may be established by the directors at Thatcher, Arizona, and at such other places within the State of Arizona as they may from time to time determine.

ARTICLE II.

The general nature of the business to be transacted by this corporation and the object for which it is formed are for the purpose of banking in all its branches, by receiving deposits and paying them out again upon the order of depositors, buying and selling exchange, coin and bullion, borrowing and lending money, loaning, buying, selling, discounting, holding and dealing with and in all kinds of commercial paper, including promissory notes, mortgages on real and personal property, stocks, bonds, city, town, school, county and state warrants, and all evidences of debt and bankable paper on good and sufficient security, either personal, collateral, or real estate to be determined by the officers of the bank. The corporation shall have power in the general nature of its business to accept and execute trusts of every nature, kind and description that may be committed to it; to attend in legal manner to the management and settlement of estates, guardianships, assignments, receiverships, and other trust, whether under appointment of courts or otherwise, to act as executor, administrator, and guardian of estates; to act as pledge holder, attorney in fact, agent, assignee, receiver, depository or trustee; to do a safe deposit business, to receive and keep in safe deposit vaults, or and other places of safe keeping, bonds, stocks, notes, papers and valuables of every kind, and to collect and receive compensation for such keeping, to purchase, own, hold, sell, assign, and hypothecate personal property, bonds, choses in action, bank stock, capital stock of this and other corporations, and all classes of evidences of indebtedness; to transfer, register and countersign stocks, bonds or other evidences of indebtedness to issue and sell debentures, bonds secured by mortgage on real property or otherwise; to receive on deposit or otherwise trust funds or moneys belonging to the United States, Counties, Cities, Towns, or other municipal corporations, and to deal therewith according to law; to purchase, hold, own, sell, mortgage and convey such real estate as may be necessary for carrying on the business of the corporation, and such other real property as may be taken as security for or in payment of debts owing to said corporation; to buy, sell and guarantee bonds, notes, loans and evidences of indebtedness; to receive and accept savings deposits, to reloan such deposits and to pay interest thereon; to conduct savings departments in any branch of the corporation; and to do all other kinds of business not inconsistent with good banking and not in conflict with State or Federal laws.

ARTICLE III

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be one hundred thousand ($100,000.00) dollars, divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each. It shall be paid at such times as the board of directors may designate in cash; provided that stockholders of the Citizens Bank, Thatcher, Arizona, shall be entitled to exchange their stock in that corporation for the capital stock of this corporation upon a transfer, assignment and conveyance of the assetts of said The Citizens' Bank to this corporation. Such stock shall be exchanged upon such terms as the board of directors of this corporation shall determine, and all shares of capital stock issued in exchange therefor shall thereupon become and be fully paid the same as though paid for in cash at par, and shall be non-assessable forever, and in the absence of actual fraud in the judgment of the Board of Directors as to the value of the same shall be conclusive.

ARTICLE IV.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be the day these articles of incorporation are filed in the office of the Corporation Commission of the State of Arizona and a certified copy thereof, recorded in the office of the County Recorder of Graham County, State of Arizona; and its termination shall be twenty-five (25) years, thence next ensuing, with the privilege of renewal and the right of perpetual succession now provided by law.

ARTICLE V

The affairs of this corporation shall be conducted by a board of not less than five nor more than nine directors, by whom a president, one or more vice-presidents, a cashier and such assistant cashiers as the board of directors shall determine, shall be elected. The president and vice-presidents shall be elected from the board of directors. The cashier and assistant cashiers may or may not be stockholders or members of the board of directors. The directors shall be elected from among the stockholders at the annual stockholders' meeting to be held on the third Wednesday in January of each year. Until their successors are elected and have qualified, the following named persons shall be directors: W. R. CHAMBERS of Safford, Arizona, WILLIAM McRAE and W. W. PACE of Thatcher, Arizona, FRANK A. WEBSTER of Central, Arizona and J. W. MATTICE of Pima, Arizona.

ARTICLE VI.

The directors shall adopt by-laws for the governing of the corporation and may amend the same. They shall have the power to fill vacancies appearing in the board from any cause.

ARTICLE VII.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability direct or contingent to which this corporation shall at any one time subject itself shall in no case exceed two-thirds of the amount of the capital stock actually issued.

ARTICLE VIII.

The private property of the stockholders of this corporation shall be exempt from corporate debts.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, We have hereunto set our hands this 15th day of December A. D. 1919.

W. R. CHAMERS
WILLIAM McRAE
W. W. PACE
FRANK A. WEBSTER
J. W. MATTICE

STATE OF ARIZONA, }
COUNTY OF GRAHAM. } ss.

This instrument was acknowledged before me this 15th day of December A. D. 1919 by W. R. CHAMBERS, WILLIAM McRAE, W. W. PACE and J. W. MATTICE, who stated to me that they executed the same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

(NOTARIAL SEAL)

LEE N. STRATTON,
Notary Public.
My Commission expires Mch. 6-1920.

STATE OF ARIZONA, }
COUNTY OF GRAHAM. } ss.

This instrument was acknowledged before me this 15 day of December A. D. 1919 by FRANK A. WEBSTER, who stated to me that he executed the same for the purposes and consideration therein expressed.

(NOTARIAL SEAL)

LEE N. STRATTON
Notary Public
My commission expires Mch. 6-1920

Filed in the office of the Arizona Corporation Commission this 29 day of Dec. A. D. 1919 at 10:00 A. M. at request of Wm. McRAE, whose post office address is Thatcher, Arizona.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION
By AMOS BETTS, Chairman.

STATE OF ARIZONA,
County of Graham.

I, C. O. Larson, County Recorder in and for the County and State aforesaid, do hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record at 10:20 o'clock a. m., on this 31 day of Dec., 1919, and duly recorded in Book No. 3 of Incorporation Records of Graham County, Arizona, at pages 206-210.

Witness my hand and official seal the day and year above written.

C. O. LARSON,
County Recorder.

RECORDER'S OFFICE,
Graham County, Arizona.

Filed for record at request of J. W. Mattice, December 31, A. D. 1919, at 10:20 o'clock a. m., Book 3 of Incorporations, page 206-210.

C. O. LARSON, County Recorder.
By MAY LARSON, Deputy Recorder.
First publication Jan. 9, 1920.
Last publication Feb. 13, 1920.

Why Suffer?

Mrs. J. A. Cox, of Alderson, W. Va., writes: "My daughter . . . suffered terribly. She could not turn in bed . . . the doctors gave her up, and we brought her home to die. She had suffered so much at . . . time. Having heard of Cardui, we got it for her."

CARDUI
The Woman's Tonic

"In a few days, she began to improve," Mrs. Cox continues, "and had no trouble at . . . Cardui cured her, and we sing its praises everywhere." We receive many thousands of similar letters every year, telling of the good Cardui has done for women who suffer from complaints so common to their sex. It should do you good, too. Try Cardui. E-77

FOR SALE—Boar and Sow Pigs, from registered Tamsworth boar, crossed with Duroc Jersey sows, making the best breed for this country. Breed up your hogs. S. N. Holman, Safford. 43-8t

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Stratton & Lynch,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Notary Public
Safford Arizona

Dr. D. SCOTT SCHENCK
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
PHONES { Office, 97 / Residence, 124 / Best Drug Store, 47 } SAFFORD ARIZONA

DR. P. J. McINTOSH
Dentist
Prepared To Do Dentistry In All Its Branches
OFFICE: CENTER STREET
Next to Gila Motor Co.'s Garage

Welker Bros. Transfer
C. D. and ELMER WELKER, Props.
FREIGHT BY TRUCKS TAKEN TO ALL PARTS OF GRAHAM AND GREENLEE COUNTIES
Householed Goods Moved to Any Part of Town
PRICES REASONABLE

THE ELECTRIC SHOP
F. L. EAKIN, Prop.
Electric Wiring, Fixtures and Repairs
Main Street, Safford
PHONE 33

UNDERTAKER

Burial caskets carried in stock by Gila Valley Furniture and Hardware Store. tf

ARIZONA TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK

THATCHER AND SAFFORD | THATCHER AND SAFFORD

WILL OPEN FOR BUSINESS MONDAY, FEB. 2

CAPITAL STOCK, $100,000

OFFICERS:

FRANK A. WEBSTER ..... President
J. W. MATTICE ..... Vice-President
WM. McRAE ..... Vice-President and Cashier
ALMA V. TATE ..... Assistant Cashier
SPENCER KIMBALL ..... Assistant Cashier

DIRECTORS:

Frank A. Webster — John W. Mattice
W. R. Chambers — W. W. Pace
Wm. McRae

SAFFORD THEATRE

MARSHALL & CLARKE, Proprietors

SUNDAY, FEB. 1
Mary Pickford
"Captain Kidd, Jr."
Also Pathe News

MONDAY, FEB. 2
Madge Kennedy
"Day Dreams"
Also Ford Weekly

TUESDAY, FEB. 3
Enid Bennett
"Law of Men"
Also 2-Reel Comedy

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 4
Lyla Lee
"Rustling a Bride"
"Trail of the Octopus"—No. 6

THURSDAY, FEB. 5
Jack Pickford
"Bill Apperson's Boy"
Also Current Events

FRIDAY, FEB. 6
"The One Woman"
All Star Cast
"Back to Nature Girls"
Two-Reel Comedy

SATURDAY, FEB. 7
Nazimova
"The Brat"
Mutt & Jeff—"Sir Sidney"

Coming Thursday, February 12.—MARY PICKFORD, IN "DADDY LONG LEGS"

NAZIMOVA, IN "THE BRAT," SAFFORD THEATRE, FEBRUARY 7

NOTICE TO PUBLIC

The Undersigned Have Organized What Is Known As

The Automobile Dealers and Garage Association

And will conduct their business on a strictly cash basis after February 1, 1920, and solicit the co-operation of the public

(SIGNED)

Automobile Dealers and Garage Association

E. LARSON, President — Rog. Kelly, Vice-President
S. B. Echels, Secretary-Treasurer

MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATION

Gila Motor Co. (Incorporated)
Chevrolet Garage
Eisenhour Motor Company
Cooper Motor Company
Sowell and Larson
Kirkland's Garage
Safford Machinery and Auto Supply Company
Pima Garage
O. P. Skousen
A. E. Packer
Solomonville Garage

APPERSON EIGHT - OAKLAND SIX

G. M. C. TRUCKS

Eisenhour Motor Company

SEE

A. H. EISENHOUR

GILA MOTOR COMPANY

SAFFORD

Prospect Good for New Methodist Church

The official board of the Safford Methodist Church met Wednesday evening to welcome the new pastor, Rev. J. L. Lyons, who has arrived, and to take counsel concerning the erection of the proposed new Methodist Church in Safford.

Dr. Harrison, Presiding Elder of the Arizona District, reported to the board the progress he had made in his efforts to secure from the General Church Extension Board of the Methodist Church, a donation of $5,000.00 toward the erection of the new church.

He stated that the General Board will meet in April, at which time he confidently expected the donation to be made. The general secretary, Dr. H. A. Boaz, having promised to strongly recommended the donation to this church.

The conditions upon which that $5,000.00 donation is to be made were stipulated by the trustees of the Safford church, and of course there is no doubt about their part of the contract.

It is hoped that within a year there will be erected on the present site, a church building of which the whole community, without reference to creed, will be proud.

Subscribe for THE GUARDIAN, Home Paper.

FOR SALE—Lots Nos. 1, 3 and 12, with improvements. Lot No. 7, with improvements. Lot No. 9, with improvements. Lot No. 11, with improvements. Lots Nos. 2 and 4, with improvements. All in Block 49. Best location in Safford. B. F. Foster. 51-tf

WATCH THE BIG 4

Stomach-Kidneys-Heart-Liver

Keep the vital organs healthy by regularly taking the world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The National Remedy of Holland for centuries and endorsed by Queen Wilhelmina. At all druggists, three sizes.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Shoulders All Baking Cares

When CALUMET comes in, all baking troubles take quick leave. You go right ahead and mix up baking materials, for biscuits—cakes—*anything* without fear of uncertainty. Calumet makes you *forget* failure.

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

is the most *popular* because it *does* give most *perfect* results. It has the biggest *demand* because it is the most *dependable*. The fact that it *is* the biggest seller proves that it is the best. A trial will convince you that there is none "just as good." Buy a can—if you are not satisfied take it back and get your money back.

Calumet contains only such ingredients as have been approved officially by the U. S. Food Authorities.

You save when you buy it.
You save when you use it.

HIGHEST QUALITY
HIGHEST AWARDS

CONSTRUCTION

Is Underway on Our 4000-BARREL REFINERY AT STEPHENVILLE, TEXAS

One unit of our plant is bought, paid for, and on the road. It should be ready to operate in 45 to 60 days.

IT WOULDN'T DO

to advertise the Maximum Possible Profits for a refining plant. **You Wouldn't Believe It.**

We therefore make our estimates of earning power more conservative than seems necessary to many of our stockholders.

You know that we can get more than 16 cents for gasoline—in fact, we can contract a year's output for more—now. Other products likewise.

HERE IT IS

EXPENSES

4,000 barrels crude, at $2.50	$10,000.00
Cost of operation, royalty, etc.	1,204.40
Office, fuel, labor, etc.	500.00
TOTAL cost per day	$11,704.40

(The cost of operation, royalty and upkeep, etc., are figured at what we believe to be a maximum, while prices we set for our output are always below the market of today.)

EARNINGS

84,000 gallons gas at 16c	$13,440.00
17,800 gallons kereosene at 9c	1,602.00
8,400 gallons engine oil at 55c	420.00
1,320 barrels fuel oil at 50c	660.00
TOTAL earnings per day	$16,122.00
Less cost per day	$11,704.40
Net daily earned	4,417.60
Working 300 days annual, net profits will be	$1,325,280.00

We hope to make money out of it---a lot of it---for ourselves as well as our stockholders

We invite you to come in with us on what we know to be a safe and sound money-making business, while the stock is still being sold at par value. Come to our office next door to PACE HARDWARE and talk it over with us.

A CLEAN DEAL

will be gladly, courteously and truthfully explained to you without obligating you to buy our stock. We want to be friends with you anyway.

The Hogg Creek Refining Company

Of Stephenville, Texas

CAPITAL $300,000 — PAR VALUE $1.00

J. A. WARDLOW, State Agent, Safford, Arizona